Inventor: Roehrig

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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims to read as follows:

1. (Previously presented) A method for computer aided detection of medical

abnormalities in x-ray medical images comprising the steps of:

processing a digital or digitized x-ray medical image of an object to remove

distinguishing effects of at least one operating parameter or physical characteristic of an x-ray

device used to form said x-ray medical image and the effects of fat content in the object being

imaged, thereby forming a processed x-ray medical image;

processing the processed x-ray medical image according to predetermined values

for said at least one operating parameter or physical characteristic to generate a standard-form

version of said x-ray medical image characterizing the x-ray medical image of the object that

would have been obtained by the x-ray device using said predetermined values therefor; and

processing said standard form version of said x-ray medical image with a

computer aided detection algorithm that has been optimized with a plurality of x-ray medical

images similarly processed into standard-form versions thereof using the same predetermined

values for said at least one operating parameter or physical characteristic; and

storing results of the processing of said standard form version of said x-ray

medical image with the optimized computer aided detection algorithm.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the x-ray medical image is a

mammogram.

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3. (Canceled)

4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said at least one operating

parameter or physical characteristic of the x-ray device is selected from the group consisting of

x-ray energy, exposure, and distance between compression plates.

5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the processing removes

distinguishing effects of the following physical characteristics of the x-ray device:

anode material;

source to image distance;

anti-scatter grid geometry;

film characteristics; and

screen-film system.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein an x-ray image of a

reference material is formed at the same time as the mammogram and under substantially the

same conditions, said reference material having known x-ray attenuation characteristics

representative of different percentages of fat content in the breast, said method further

comprising the step of identifying fat content in the mammogram by comparing exposure values

in the mammogram with exposure values on the x-ray image of the reference material.

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8. (Canceled)

9. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the standard x-ray energy is in the

range 25-28 kVp.

10. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the standard exposure is in the range

20-200 milli-Ampere-seconds.

11.-21. (Canceled)

22. (Previously presented) A method for processing mammographic images

comprising the steps of:

processing a plurality of digital or digitized mammograms formed by different x-

ray mammography systems to remove effects of each mammography system and fat content in

the breast being imaged, thereby forming first processed images;

converting each first processed image into a standard-form x-ray mammogram

having a first standard x-ray voltage parameter and a first standard exposure parameter; and

storing said standard-form x-ray mammograms

whereby visual comparison of x-ray mammograms taken by different x-

ray mammography systems is facilitated by comparing standard-form x-ray mammograms

derived from mammograms taken by the different x-ray mammography systems.

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23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22 wherein the processing removes

distinguishing effects of both of the following operating parameters of the mammography

system:

x-ray energy;

exposure.

24. (Canceled)

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22 wherein an x-ray image of a

reference material is formed at the same time as the mammogram and under substantially the

same conditions, said reference material having known x-ray attenuation characteristics

representative of different percentages of fat content in the breast, said method further

comprising the step of identifying fat content in the mammogram by comparing exposure values

in the mammogram with exposure values on the x-ray image of the reference material.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22 wherein the standard x-ray

voltage parameter is in the range 25-28 kVp.

27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22 wherein the standard exposure is

in the range 20-200 milli-Ampere-seconds.

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28. (Previously presented) A method for processing mammographic images

comprising the steps of:

forming in a first mammography system a digital or digitized mammogram of a

breast along with images of first and second reference materials having thicknesses that range

from 0 to the thickness of the breast, one reference material having an attenuation constant that is

approximately the same as that of fat and the other having an attenuation constant that is

approximately the same as that of glandular tissue;

using exposure information in the images of the first and second reference

materials to process the digital or digitized mammogram system to remove substantially all

effects related to the physical characteristics of the first mammography system and its operating

parameters and the effect of fat content in the breast being imaged, thereby forming a first

processed image;

converting the first processed image into a standard-form mammogram having

pixel values that would have been obtained by a standard-form mammography system having a

first standard x-ray voltage parameter and a first standard exposure parameter; and

storing said standard-form mammogram

whereby visual comparison of mammograms taken by different

mammography systems is facilitated by comparing standard-form mammograms derived from

mammograms taken by the different mammography systems.

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29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 28 wherein the processing removes

distinguishing effects of both of the following operating parameters of the mammography

system:

x-ray energy;

exposure.

30. (Canceled)

31. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the standard x-ray voltage parameter

is in the range 25-28 kVp.

32. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the standard exposure is in the range

of 20-200 milli-Ampere-seconds.

33. (New) A method for processing mammographic images comprising the steps of:

processing the digital or digitized mammogram of a breast formed by a first x-ray

mammography system to remove effects of the first mammography system and fat content in the

breast being imaged, thereby forming a first processed image;

processing the digital or digitized mammogram of a breast formed by a second x-

ray mammography system to remove effects of the second mammography system and fat content

in the breast being imaged, thereby forming a second processed image;

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converting the first and second processed images into standard-form x-ray mammograms having a first standard x-ray voltage parameter and a first standard exposure parameter; and

storing said standard-form x-ray mammograms

whereby visual comparison of x-ray mammograms taken by different x-ray mammography systems is facilitated by comparing standard-form x-ray mammograms derived from mammograms taken by the different x-ray mammography systems.